Fifth Annual Conference on Carbon Capture & Sequestration

Steps Toward Deployment

Geologic Storage - Coal Seams

Using Discrete Fracture Network Models to Assess Risks Associated with Carbon Sequestration in Coal of the Black Warrior Basin



Jack C. Pashin and Guohai Jin

Geological Survey of Alabama



May 8-11, 2006 • Hilton Alexandria Mark Center • Alexandria, Virginia

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

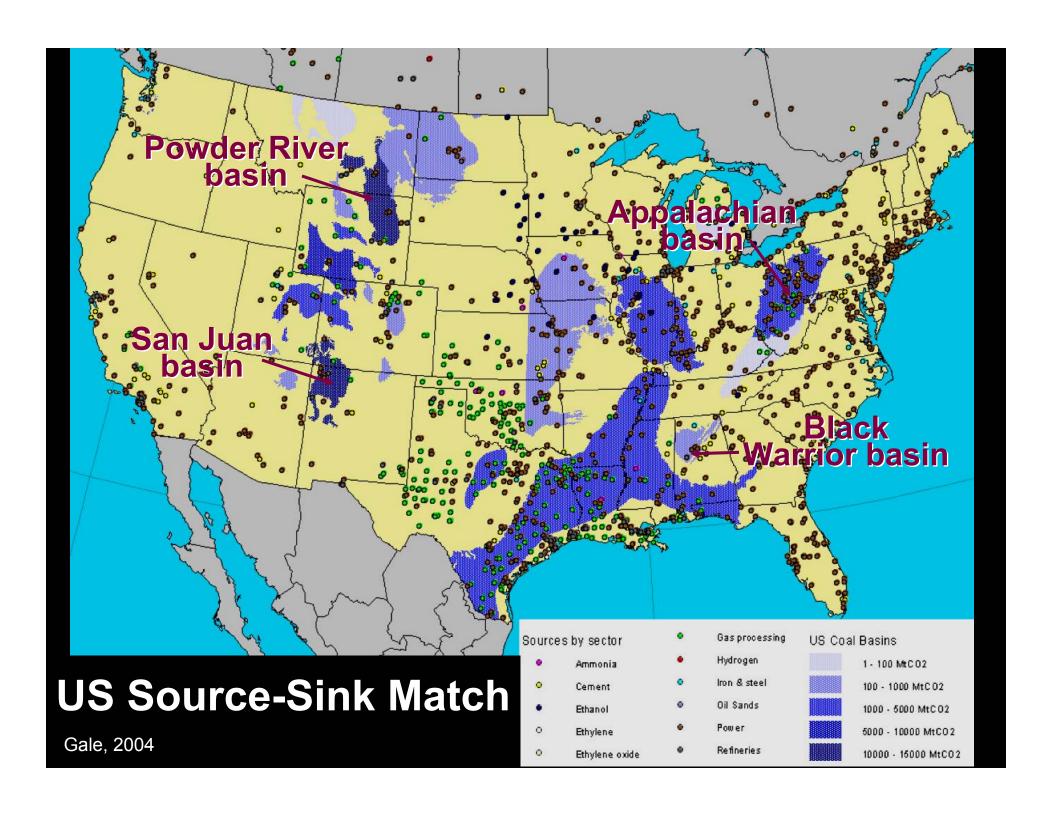
U.S. Department of Energy National Energy Technology Laboratory

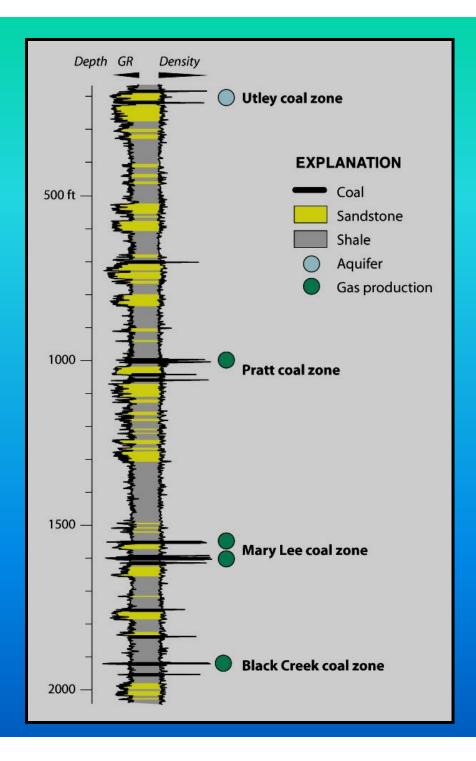
Jim Walter Resources
SECARB
EPA Region 4

APPROACH

Well, Core, Outcrop Data

DFNModeler (structure)
TOUGH2 (flow)

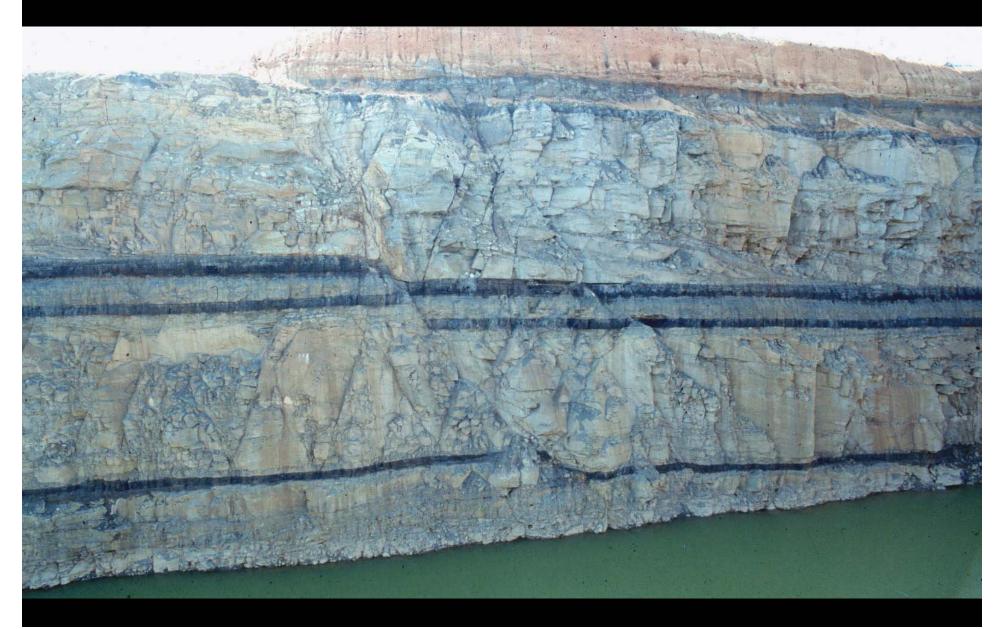




POTTSVILLE FORMATION

Cassidy 30-2-119
Blue Creek Field
Tuscaloosa Co., AL

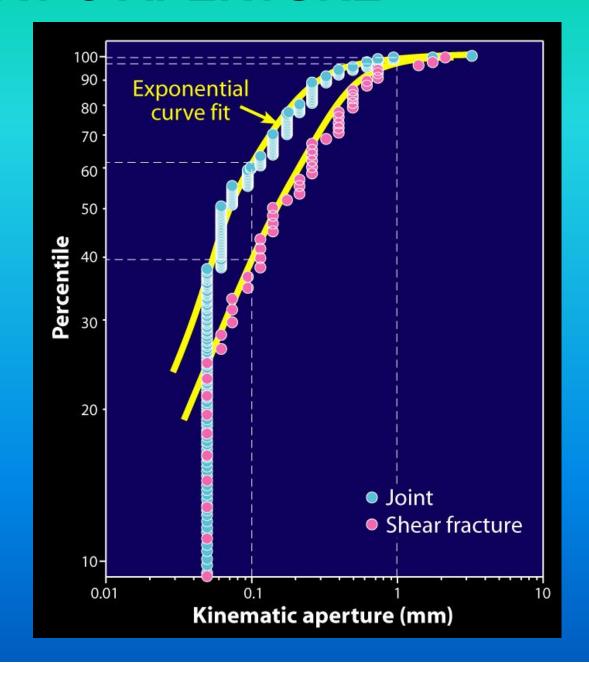
FAULTING AND FRACTURING





KINEMATIC APERTURE

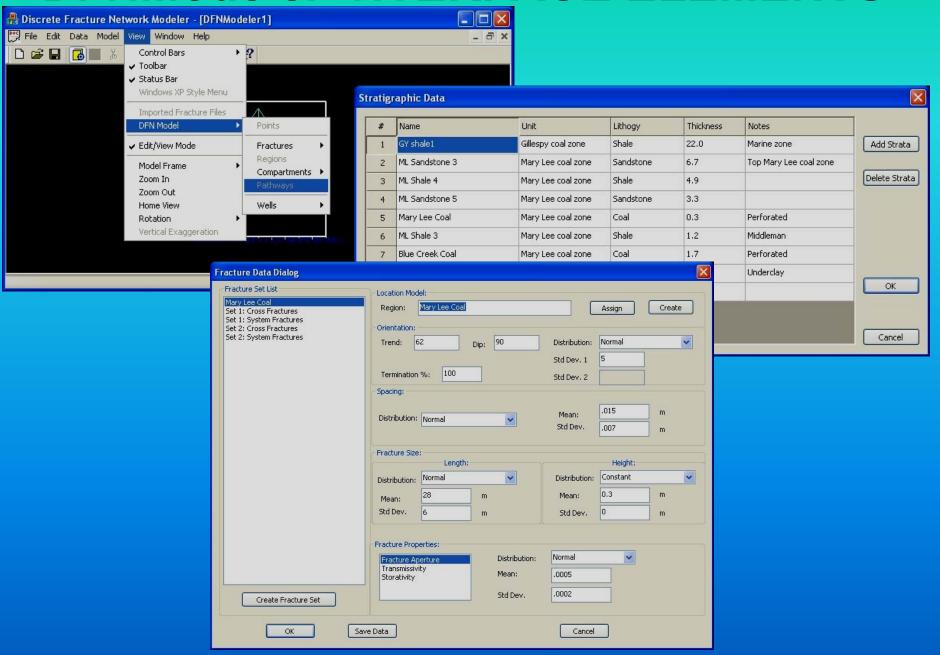




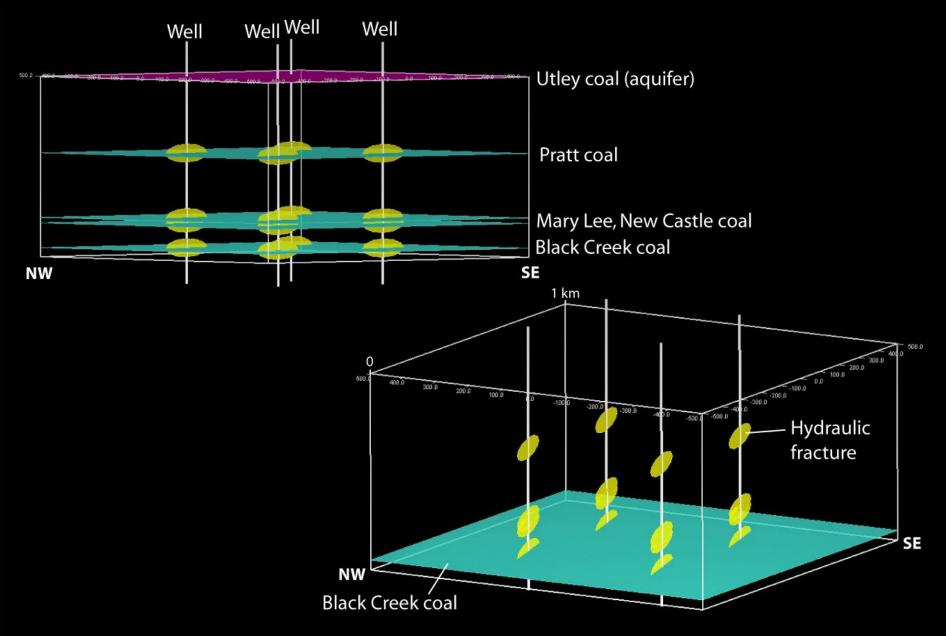
PRIMARY CLEAT



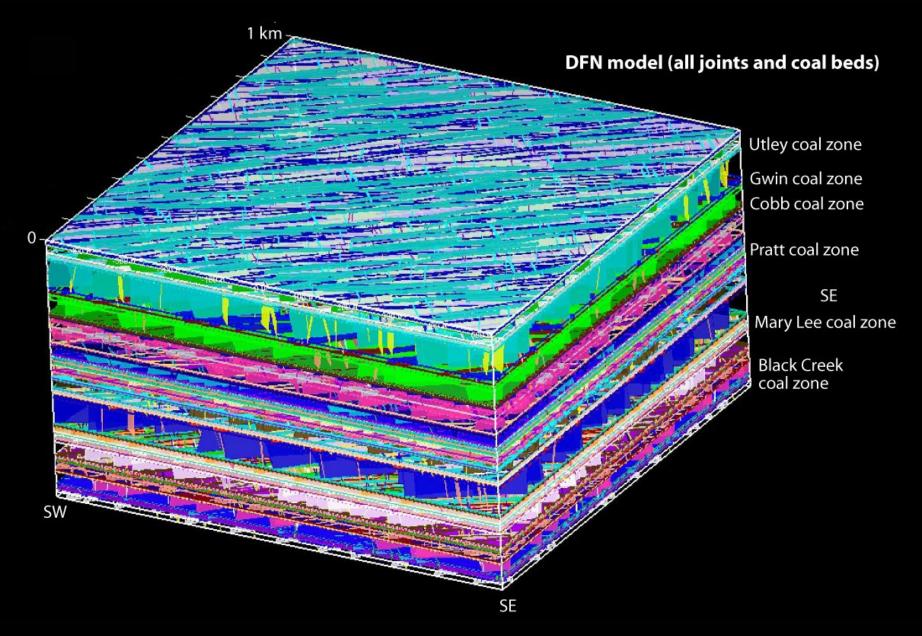
DFNModeler INTERFACE ELEMENTS



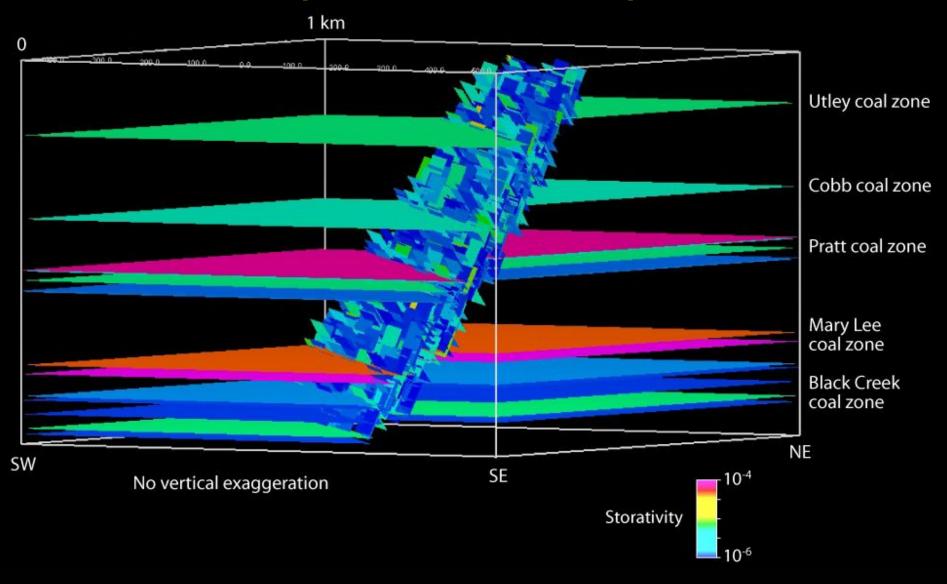
HYDRAULIC FRACTURES AND COAL



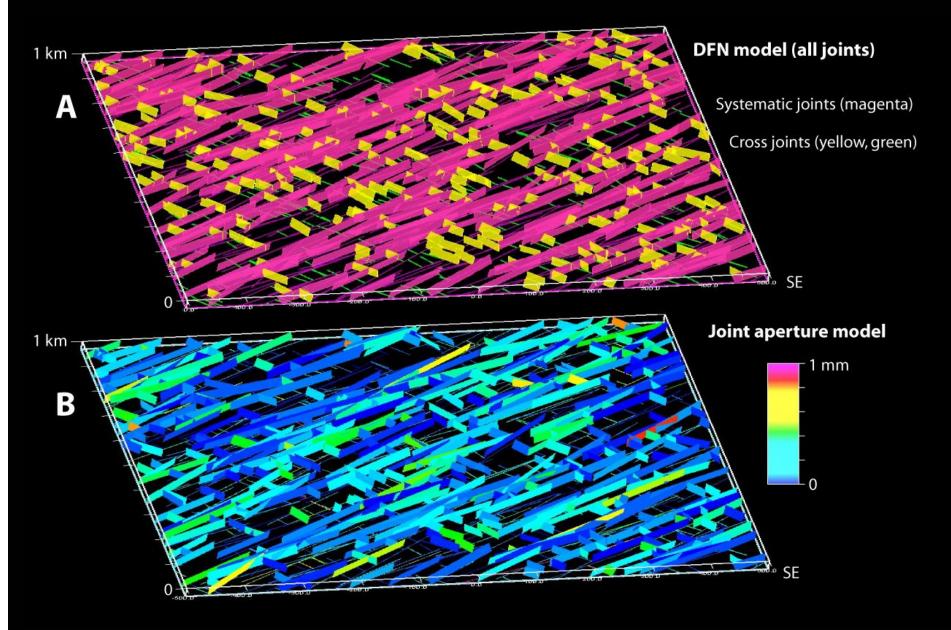
JOINTED DFN MODEL



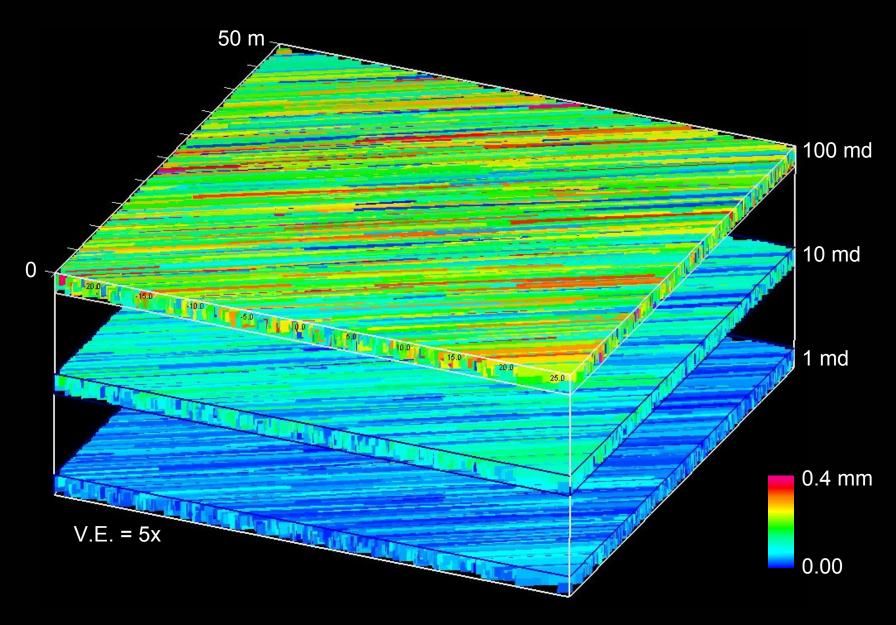
FAULTED DFN MODEL (STORATIVITY)



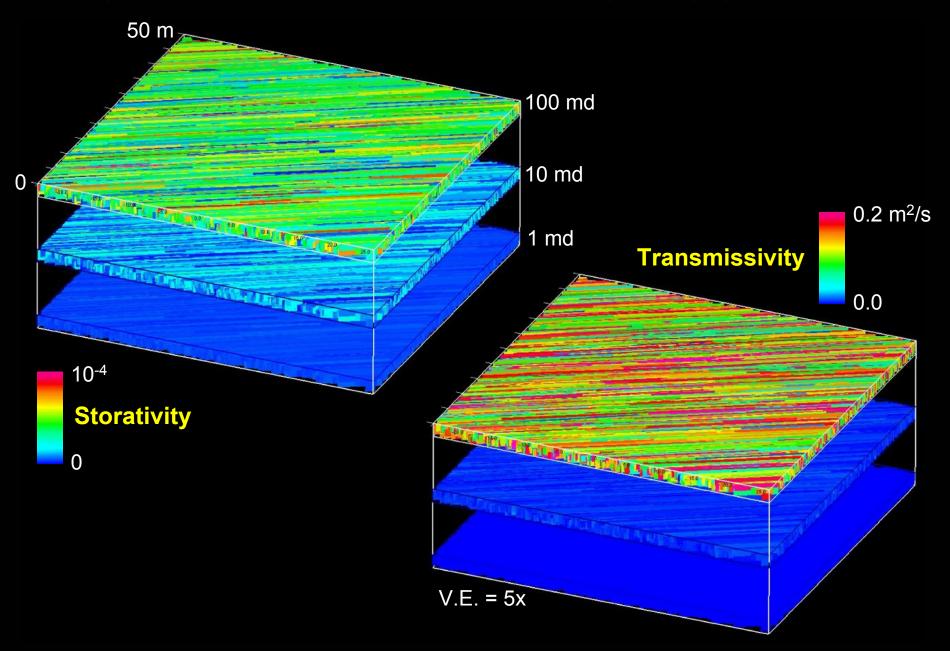
JOINT MODELS



FACE-CLEAT APERTURE

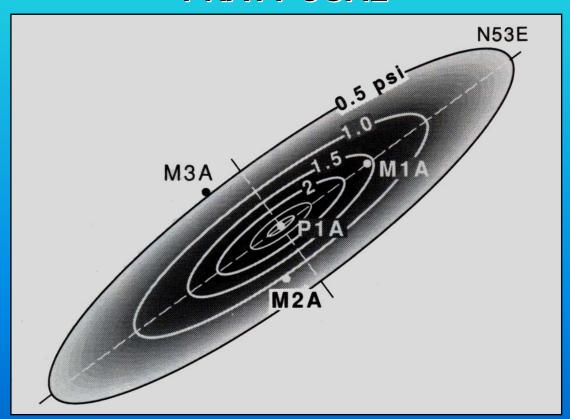


STORAGE AND TRANSMISSIVITY

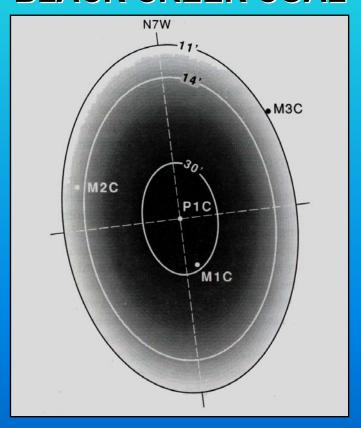


ROCK CREEK PRESSURE BUILDUP TEST RESULTS

PRATT COAL

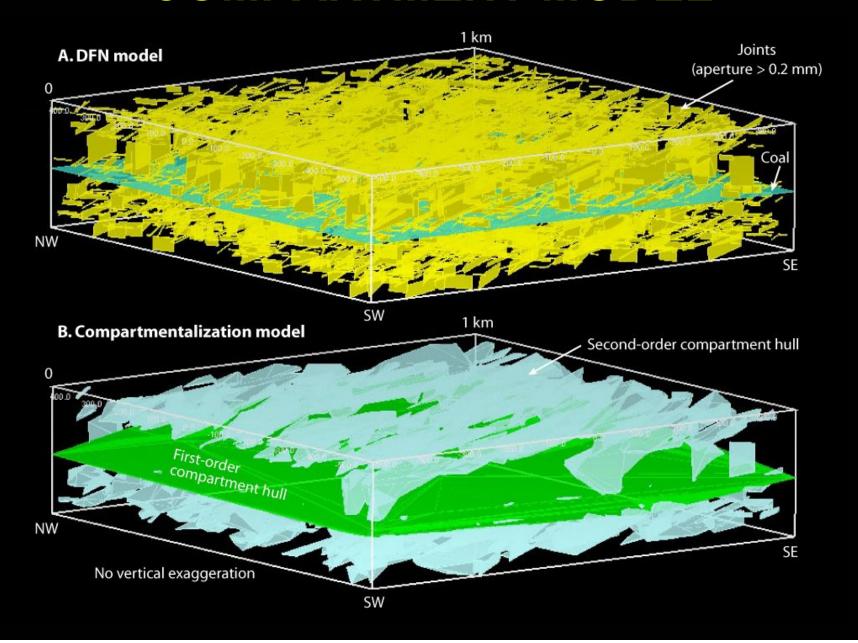


BLACK CREEK COAL



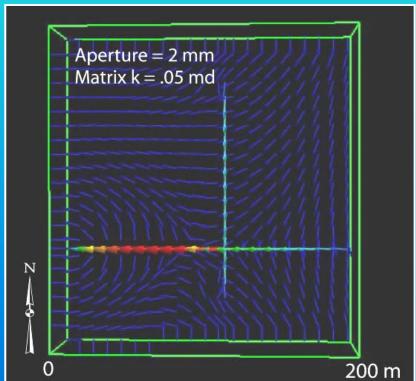
Koenig, 1989

COMPARTMENT MODEL

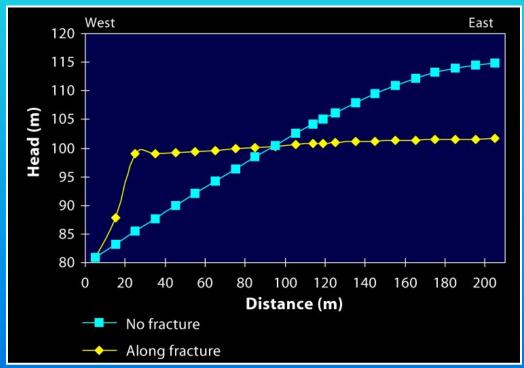


PRELIMINARY TOUGH2 MODELS

A. Flow model



B. Head profiles



WRAP-UP

Pottsville fracture systems follow statistical scaling rules that facilitate DFN modeling.

DFNIModeler software shows promise as a risk assessment tool for carbon sequestration.

Two years remaining in study - visualization and analysis capabilities being enhanced, modeling to focus on SECARB Black Warrior coal site.